AP Calculus BC Lesson 4.1 Critical points, extreme values, review

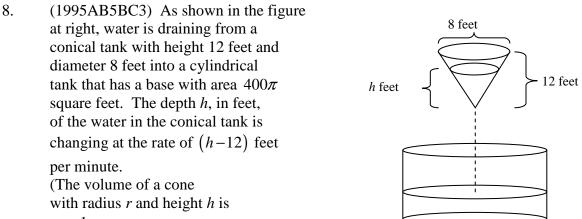
- 1. Find the maximum value of the function $f(x) = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$.
- 2. Find the minimum and maximum value of the function $f(x) = -2x^2 + 4x + 1$ on the interval [0,4]
- 3. Find the x-values at which the function $f(x) = 2x^3 + 9x^2 24x 7$ has any local maximum or minimum values.
- 4. Find the maximum and minimum values of the function $f(x) = 4\sin^2(2x) + 7$ on the interval $[0, \pi]$.
- 5. Find the x-coordinates of all critical points on the function $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{2x^2 5} + 4$.
- 6. Given the curve generated by $y^3 + 3x^2y + 13 = 0$

a) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$

- b) Write an equation for the line tangent to the curve at the point (2, -1)
- c) Find the point(s) on the curve where the tangent line is horizontal.

7. Use differentials to estimate the allowable percentage error in measuring the radius r of a sphere if the volume is to be calculated correctly to within 6%.

(The volume V of a sphere of radius r is $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$.)



$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h.)$$

- (a) Write an expression for the volume of water in the conical tank as a function of h.
- (b) At what rate is the volume of water in the conical tank changing when h = 3? Indicate units of measure.
- (c) Let y be the depth, in feet, of the water in the cylindrical tank. At what rate is y changing when h = 3? Indicate units of measure.