

Riemann “Summary”

Left Sums

$$\int_0^a f(x)dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{a}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} f\left(\frac{a}{n}k\right) \right) \text{ and } \int_a^b f(x)dx = \int_0^{b-a} f(x+a)dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{b-a}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} f\left(a + \frac{b-a}{n}k\right) \right)$$

Right Sums

$$\int_0^a f(x)dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{a}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n f\left(\frac{a}{n}k\right) \right) \text{ and } \int_a^b f(x)dx = \int_0^{b-a} f(x+a)dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{b-a}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n f\left(a + \frac{b-a}{n}k\right) \right)$$

Midpoint Sums

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^a f(x)dx &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{a}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} f\left(\frac{a}{2n} + \frac{a}{n}k\right) \right) \text{ or } \int_0^a f(x)dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{a}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n f\left(\frac{a}{n}k - \frac{a}{2n}\right) \right) \text{ and} \\ \int_a^b f(x)dx &= \int_0^{b-a} f(x+a)dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{b-a}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} f\left(a + \frac{b-a}{2n} + \frac{b-a}{n}k\right) \right) \text{ or} \\ \int_a^b f(x)dx &= \int_0^{b-a} f(x+a)dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{b-a}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=1}^n f\left(a - \frac{b-a}{2n} + \frac{b-a}{n}k\right) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Trapezoid Sums (Equivalent to the average of Left and Right Sums)

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^a f(x)dx &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{a}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{f\left(\frac{a}{n}k\right) + f\left(\frac{a}{n}(k+1)\right)}{2} \right) \text{ and} \\ \int_a^b f(x)dx &= \int_0^{b-a} f(x+a)dx = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{b-a}{n} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} \frac{f\left(a + \frac{b-a}{n}k\right) + f\left(a + \frac{b-a}{n}(k+1)\right)}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$